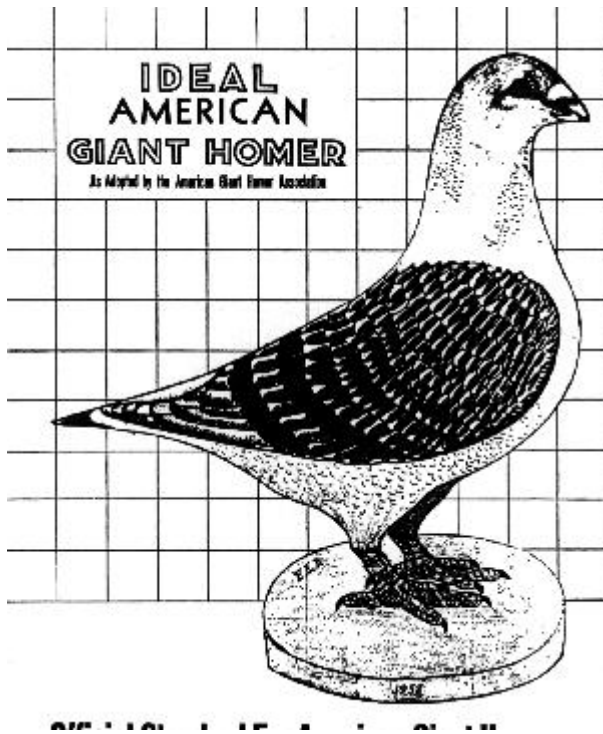


Official Standard For American Giant Homers
Adopted By American Giant Homer Association
APJ 1977



Type - As shown by the Ideal and as set forth in the following Standard.

Beak - Two points, Stout and strong, of medium length, light colored beaks preferred.

Wattle - Two points. Medium size, smooth in texture, free from coarseness and to fit smoothly between head and beak.

Head - Fifteen points. The head in profile broad between the eyes, gradually narrowing raising gradually to above the eye, showing no flatness, then descending to the neck without a broken outline. The top view showing fairly toward the wattle. The whole head and beak should be of medium , appearance; no broken pupils both eyes same color. In colored birds, eyes should be as, highly and richly colored as possible, deep tendency of weakness.

Eyes - Two points. Bright and clear in orange or red preferred, gravel eyes undesirable. In white, any color except pearl.

Cere - Two points. Medium size, smooth and even,

light as possible in all colors.

Neck - Five points. Stout, medium length, should taper gradually from head to shoulders. No gullet.

Back - Five points. Flat and straight, broad shoulders, gradually tapering to a well filled rump.

Breast - Fifteen points. Prominent, broad and deep, well rounded, and showing well below wing butts.

Keel - Five points. Long, deep and straight.

Body - Twenty points. Short, broad and deep, strongly built, the whole from shoulders to tail having a wedge shaped appearance.

Wings - Ten points. Should be in proportion to length of body, from shoulders to butts prominent and powerful, fitting closely to body. Flight feathers to be carried over tail and wing coverts to fit well over rump.

Tail - Five points. Short and well closed, over lapping to give the appearance of one feather, not extending over one inch beyond tip of flight feathers, and carried at about a twelve degree angle.

Legs - Two points. Medium length. set well apart, strong in appearance denoting thickness of bone. Thigh, good and muscular; shanks and toes free of feathers.

Condition - Ten points. Body firm and muscular; feathers short, broad, hard, tight and smooth in finish.

Colors - The breed is bred in all the Intense and Dilute Phases of Ash-Red, Blue-Black, and Brown, Recessive Red, Yellow, Dual-Colored (Auto-Sexed).

Patterns - Solids, T-Pattern, Check, Bar and Barless. The most popular Solids are Black, Dun, Brown, Khaki, Red, Yellow and Whites. In T-Pattern, Ash-Red, Yellow, Black, Dun, Brown and

Khaki. In Checkers and Bars; Ash-Red, Yellow, Blue, Silver, Brown and Khaki. Dual-Colored (AutoSexed) the cocks are White, with colored flecking on neck and the hens! Faded Check and Faded Bars.

Disqualification

Unmistakable evidence of cross breeding.

Birds showing other than Correct American Giant Homer Type.

Long. Loose feathers.

Badly deformed keel.

Pure white eye.

Feathers on shanks or toes.

Having less than twelve (12) tail feathers.

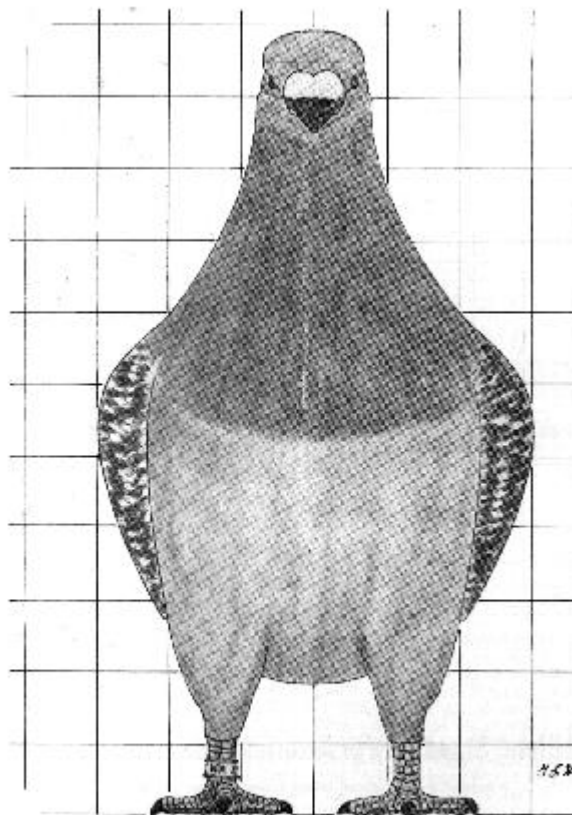
Birds wearing band with any individual name or mark.

Birds with more than one band.

Any conspicuous malformation.

Birds showing sickness or poor condition.

Addition To Giant Homer Standard Gerald Hobbs, Burlington, Iowa



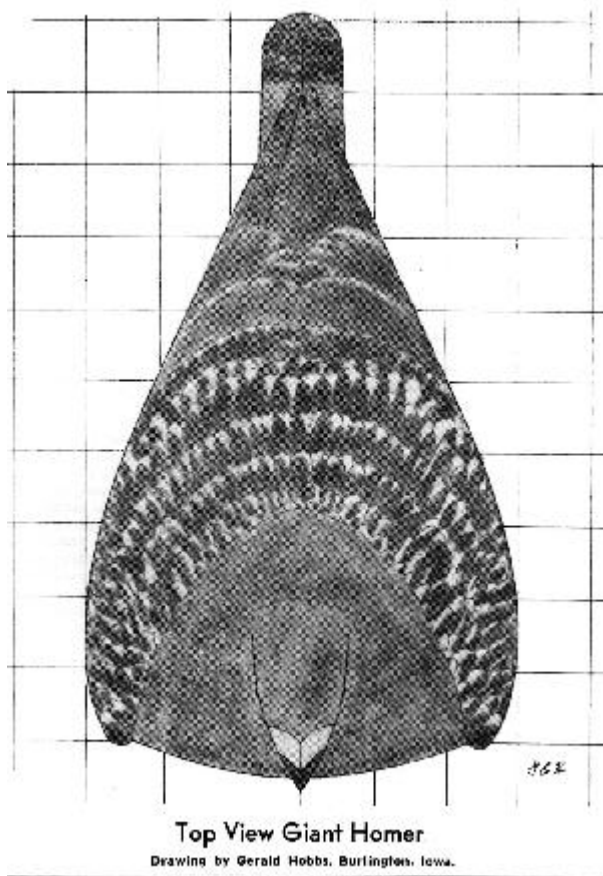
Front View Giant Homer

Drawing by Gerald Hobbs, Burlington, Iowa.

These two Views (front and top) were adopted by a membership vote in mid 1977. They were projected from the side view we have had since 1959, drawn by Earl Deal.

It is hoped these top and front views will help convey the full meaning of the written Standard. The top view shows the beak as stout and strong of medium length flowing into a smooth medium size wattle and on into a broad head with no tendency of weakness.

The breast shows as full and prominent as can be projected from the side view, running into prominent wing butts which sweep back along the short, broad, wedge shaped body. We see here what the Standard means by the wing coverts fitting well over the rump and giving us tremendous back cover and also the whipped one feather tail in agreement with whipped flights. Short, broad feathers are shown in the coverts giving a hard, smooth appearance. The front view shows a broad rounded skull with good cheeks and a broad, flowing neck coming into Powerful, thick wing butts. The stout, strong beak is again in strong evidence here.



The legs are set well apart as pillars of strength, good bone and muscular thighs. The toes are short and thick with the toenails of the same description as the beak.

Some day the Standard may be revised but when it is, it should be with three views again.